

TECHNIQUE T814: DENIAL OF SERVICE

CyOTE Use Case(s)	MITRE ATT&CK for ICS® Tactic
Alarm Logs, HMI	Inhibit Response Function
Data Sources	
Potential Data Sources	Alarm History, Data Historian, Network Protocol Analysis, Packet Capture, Sequential Event Recorder, Device Logs
Historical Attacks	Industroyer/CRASHOVERRIDE ¹

TECHNIQUE DETECTION

The Denial of Service technique² (Figure 1) may be detected if a device is receiving a large volume of requests and becomes unresponsive.

To augment commercial sensor gaps, the CyOTE program has developed capabilities such as Proof of Concept tools³ and Recipes⁴ for asset owners and operators (AOO) to identify indicators of attack for techniques like Denial of Service within their operational technology (OT) networks. Referencing CyOTE Case Studies⁵ of known attacks, AOOs in both small and large organizations can utilize CyOTE’s Use Case analyses to tie operational anomalies and observables to cyber-attack campaigns resulting in ever-decreasing impacts.

PERCEPTION: OBSERVABLES FROM HISTORICAL ATTACKS

The Denial of Service technique was used in the Industroyer attack in the Ukraine in 2016.^{6,7} In this attack, the following observables were identified:

- Devices becoming unresponsive (recorded by event recorder or data historian)
- Alarms for large amounts of requests or for the device becoming unresponsive
- Increased internet traffic

Disclaimer: Past occurrences are not guaranteed to occur in future attacks.

¹ MITRE, Software: Industroyer, CRASHOVERRIDE, <https://collaborate.mitre.org/attackics/index.php/Software/S0001>

² MITRE ATT&CK for ICS, T814: Denial of Service, <https://collaborate.mitre.org/attackics/index.php/Technique/T0814>

³ A Proof of Concept tool is a representative implementation of a set of steps and methods for identifying techniques. A Proof of Concept tool is defined as a script(code) or using capabilities of existing tools (e.g., Splunk, Graywell), to demonstrate the capability to identify adversarial activity for a selected technique. A Proof of Concept tool is not ready for implementation in an AOO’s environment as its major focus is to a specific instance (device, vendor, protocol, scenario) in order to prove a concept.

⁴ A Recipe is a set of steps and methods for identifying techniques. Recipes can be used to develop a Proof of Concept or operational tool in an AOO’s OT environment.

⁵ Visit <https://inl.gov/cyote/> for all CyOTE Case Studies.

⁶ https://www.welivesecurity.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/06/Win32_Industroyer.pdf

⁷ <https://www.dragos.com/wp-content/uploads/CRASHOVERRIDE.pdf>

COMPREHENSION

In the Industroyer attack, the adversary caused a Denial of Service event to render devices unresponsive and execute further control of the system. They were able to do this once they had gained access to the Data Historian to initiate the compromise and had begun issuing malicious commands. They were then able to take control of the system and manipulate it to cause impactful and damaging changes.⁸ By understanding the nature and possible origins of this attack, as well as how the adversary used the Denial of Service technique to execute the attack, an AOO can better comprehend how this technique is used with others and enhance their capabilities to detect attack campaigns using this technique and decrease an attack's impacts.

CURRENT CAPABILITY

The CyOTE Proof of Concept tool analyzes network traffic captures and identifies Denial of Service attacks using a malformed length field against EtherIP/ Common Industrial Protocol (CIP) devices.

POTENTIAL ENHANCEMENTS

This CyOTE Proof of Concept tool is envisioned to assist in identifying multiple DoS attack methods using network monitoring for both protocol-specific attacks, as well as identifying network patterns indicative of this technique. When identified, the Proof of Concept tool will support customizable alert outputs (e.g., outputting a syslog entry or STIX 2.1 formats).

ASSET OWNER DEPLOYMENT GUIDANCE

The operational tool will need to be implemented either by monitoring a host with a connection to a network span port of the desired networks or by capturing the network traffic in a Packet Capture (PCAP) file and providing to a system running the tool to analyze it.

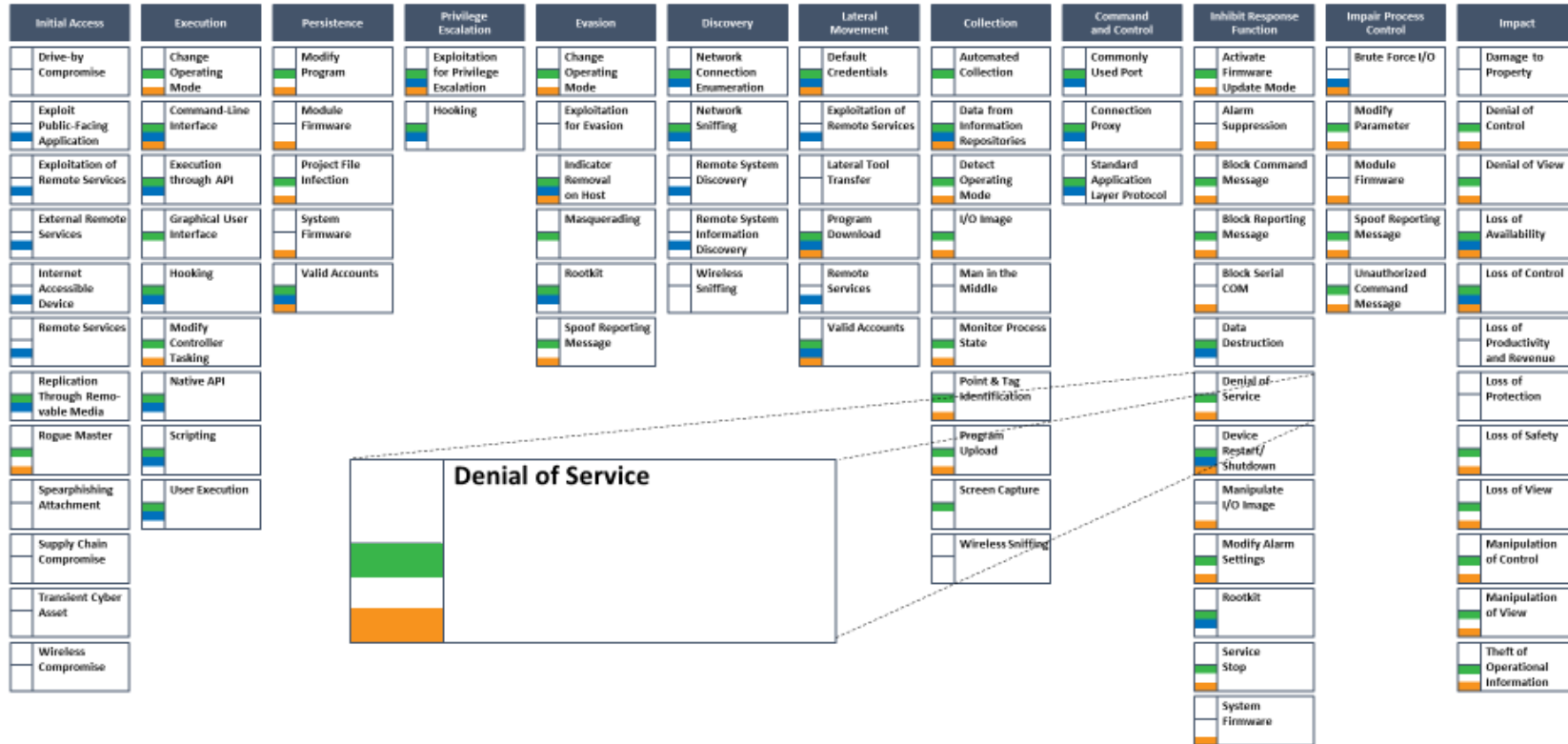
AOOs can refer to the CyOTE Technique Detection Capabilities report (visit <https://inl.gov/cyote/>) for more information on the background and approach of CyOTE's technique detection capabilities.

AOOs can also refer to the [CyOTE methodology](#) for more information on CyOTE's approach to identifying anomalies in an OT environment, which, when perceived, initiates investigation and analysis to comprehend the anomaly.

Click for More Information

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⁸ CyOTE Case Study: CRASHOVERRIDE/Industroyer. Visit <https://inl.gov/cyote/> for more information.



MITRE ATT&CK for ICS Matrix (October 2021) | Tactic: **Denial of Service** | CyOTE Use Cases: **Human Machine Interface**, **Restart Logic**, **Alarm Logic**

Figure 1: ICS ATT&CK Framework⁹ – Denial of Service Technique

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